The Highland Council

Agenda Item	9	
Report No	HP/18/24	

Committee: Housing & Property Committee

Date: 14 August 2024

Report Title: Housing Performance Report: 1 April 2024 – 30 June 2024

Report By: Assistant Chief Executive - Place

1. Purpose/Executive Summary

1.1 This report provides information on how the Housing Service has performed in 2024/25 to 30 June 2024 based on key performance indicators and national benchmarking information.

2. Recommendations

- 2.1 Members are asked to:
 - i. **NOTE** the information provided on housing performance in the period 1 April 2024 – 30 June 2024.

3. Implications

- 3.1 **Resource -** There are no resource implications arising from this report.
- 3.2 **Legal -** There are no resource implications arising from this report.
- 3.3 **Risk -** Risk is managed through regular review and reporting to allow corrective action to be taken if necessary.
- 3.4 **Health and Safety (risks arising from changes to plant, equipment, process, or people) -** There are no implications arising from this report.
- 3.5 **Gaelic -** There are no Gaelic implications arising from this report.

4. Impacts

4.1 In Highland, all policies, strategies or service changes are subject to an integrated screening for impact for Equalities, Poverty and Human Rights, Children's Rights and Wellbeing, Climate Change, Islands and Mainland Rural Communities, and Data Protection. Where identified as required, a full impact assessment will be undertaken.

- 4.2 Considering impacts is a core part of the decision-making process and needs to inform the decision-making process. When taking any decision, Members must give due regard to the findings of any assessment.
- 4.3 This is a monitoring update report and therefore an impact assessment is not required.

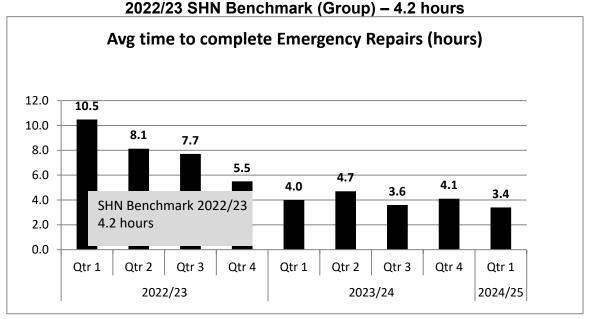
5. Background

- 5.1 The Scottish Housing Regulator (SHR) has set out the performance indicators that it will use in its scrutiny of landlords.
- 5.2 This report provides performance information based on the reporting framework recommended by the SHR. Further performance information by Council Ward can be found on the Highland Council Intranet ward reporting pages. http://www.highland.gov.uk/staffsite/info/13/members_intranet/37/ward_reporting/2
- 5.3 In accordance with the Scottish Social Housing Charter guidance, the Repairs, Tenancy Management and Rent Arrears figures are cumulative, while the Homeless Presentations figures are given for each separate quarter.
- 5.4 Scottish Housing Network (SHN) benchmark information, derived from the performance of all Scottish Landlords, has also been provided.

6. Housing Reports

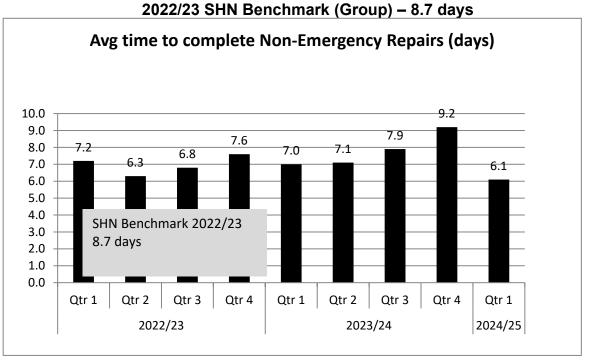
- 6.1 The key indicators for measuring repairs performance are the average time taken to complete emergency repairs and non-emergency repairs.
- 6.2 Table 1 details performance on the average time taken to complete emergency repairs and Table 2 details the average time taken to complete non-emergency repairs. Both graphs contain national benchmark figures for these indicators based on published 2022/23 figures. Highland geography needs to be considered when comparing the Highland figures for the national benchmark on completing repairs.

6.3 **Table 1: Average length of time taken to complete emergency repairs (hours)** Target 12 hours



5.4 The time taken to complete emergency repairs in the last quarter has decreased and is significantly below the national benchmark average and remains significantly below the Highland target of 12 hours.

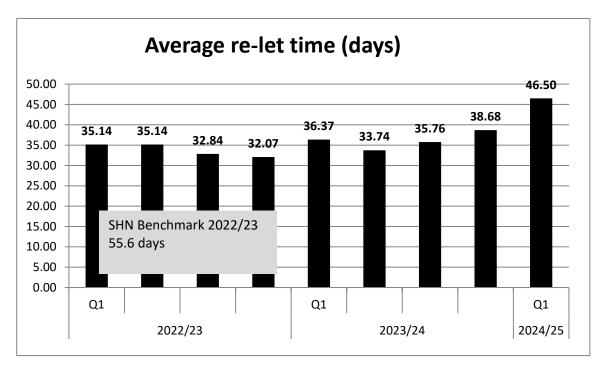
5.5 **Table 2: Average length of time taken to complete non-emergency repairs** (days) Target 8.9 days



- 5.6 Average time to complete non-emergency repairs has significantly decreased in the last quarter and reflects excellent performance in completing these repairs.
- 5.7 Progress also continues to be made in terms of tackling the backlog of low priority repairs, such as external pathways, gutters, gates, and fences. Some of these repairs were delayed in 2023/24 as a result of budget pressures. There were 834 of these low priority repairs outstanding as at 30 June 2024. The increased repairs budget in 2024/25 will allow more of these to be released, however some of these may be included in a future Planned Maintenance Programme to achieve better value for money.

6. Tenancy Management

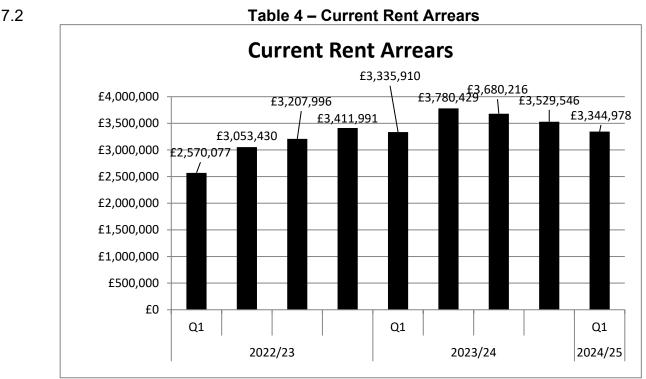
6.1 Table 3 below provides information on the average re-let time showing the trend back 3 years and highlighting the same quarter in previous years for comparison.



- 6.3 Reletting times have increased for Q1, largely as a result of the time taken for major refurbishment works to be completed for some long-term voids. Despite the increase in relet times, performance continues to compare very favourably with the national benchmarking figures.
- 6.4 Early indications from the Scottish Housing Network are that the local authority average for 2023/24 has increased further to 73 days. As with the situation nationally, Highland is experiencing delays with utility companies in terms of clearing meter debt and installing new gas and electric meters. There have also been significant challenges in terms of contractor capacity to carry out major refurbishment works at the void stage.

7. Rent Arrears

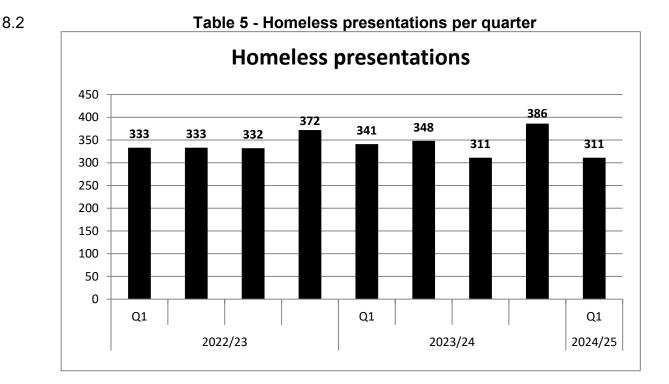
7.1 The key performance indicator for rent arrears is the value of current arrears. Table 4 below provides information on current rent arrears and shows the comparative figure for the same quarter in the previous year.



- 7.3 Rent arrears for Q1 have reduced from Q4. The management of rent arrears remains a priority with robust case reviewing and monitoring arrangements in place. There is a continued focus on arrears prevention work through close working with the Highland Council Welfare Team and agencies such as the Citizens Advice Bureau.
- 7.4 Local Housing teams hold regular review meetings focusing on the highest rent arrears cases, and actions are instigated and progressed through these meetings. Officers aim to take a firm but fair approach to arrears management and we are keen to support and advise people where appropriate. Some cases have progressed through the court system where unfortunately tenants have not engaged with the support offered.
- 7.5 The Cost of Living (Scotland) Act ended on 31 March 2024. This means that landlords can progress to eviction for cases with arrears below £2,250. Highland is committed to following the Rent Arrears Management Policy approved previously at this Committee. This has set the principle that legal action against tenants in high rent arrears should only be used as a means of last resort.

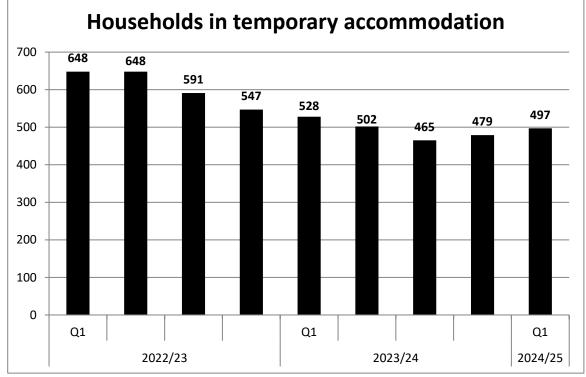
8. Homelessness

8.1 Performance information on homelessness is noted in tables 5 and 6.



8.3

 Table 6 – Households in Temporary Accommodation



- 8.4 Table 5 (above) shows that numbers of homeless presentations have decreased since the previous quarter.
- 8.5 The number of homeless households recorded as living in temporary accommodation has increased slightly from the previous quarter. Highland, however, continues to focus on achieving permanent outcomes for homeless households and this is reflected in the percentage of lets to homeless households reported in the Highland Housing Register Annual Allocations Report to this Committee.

- 8.6 The age range of homeless applicants and the reason for homelessness is included in Appendix 1 of this report. It should be noted that the format of the information is based on Scottish Government reporting criteria.
- 8.7 New trends are emerging within homeless presentations. This includes an increase in private landlords selling their properties due to their own financial situations and the pressures on the private rented sector mean households are struggling to find alternative options that are both accessible and affordable.
- 8.8 The decrease in homelessness presentations is partly a result of successful homeless prevention, including supporting households to move into mid-market rentals and providing financial assistance using the Council's Rent Deposit Scheme. There is ongoing discussion at a national level to determine the detail behind forthcoming proposed changes to homeless legislation, which will focus on even earlier prevention work and additional duties on public bodies to prevent homelessness.

Designation:	Assistant Chief Executive - Place
Date:	10 July 2024
Author:	Brian Cameron, Interim Head of Housing & Building Maintenance
Background Papers:	Scottish Housing Regulator: The Scottish Social Housing Charter: Indicators & Context Information
Appendices:	Appendix 1 – Main Reason Given by Household for Homeless Presentation by Age Range (1 April 2024 – 30 June 2024)

Appendix 1

Main reason given by household for homeless presentation by age range (1 April 2024 to 30 June 2024)

Main Reason for	16-17	18-25	26-59	Over 60	Total
Homelessness					
Asked to leave the	4	18	33	6	61
accommodation					
Discharged from		4	10		14
prison/hospital/care					
or other setting					
Emergency such as			2		2
fire/flooding/storm or					
Environmental Health					
Order					
Fleeing violence from			4		4
outwith the home (i.e.					
violence from a					
neighbour)					
Harassment or other	1		5		6
non-violence actions					
Loss of service/ tied		5	10	2	17
accommodation					
Non-Violent Dispute	1	13	69	3	86
at home (i.e.					
relationship					
breakdown)					
Other action by		2	29	5	36
landlord					
Other reason		2	14	4	20
Other reason for loss	1	1	25	3	30
of accommodation					
Over-crowding	1	3	5	1	10
Rent or Mortgage			10	2	12
Arrears			-		
Terminated their			1	1	2
accommodation (i.e.					
ended their tenancy)					
Violent dispute or	2	7	36	3	48
abuse from within the					
home					
Total:	10	55	253	30	348